

Chapter 11: Examinations

Test your knowledge of Chapter 11: Examinations by answering the following multiple-choice questions. You can find the answers to each question at the end of this document.

- 1 It is essential to know and understand the course terminology. Why?
 - a You need course terminology to understand and speak about the content within the course.
 - b You may be asked questions about course terminology in your examination.
 - c Course terminology is usually presented with a definition in your textbook.
 - d You must know the course terminology but you must not use it when you write your examination answer.
- 2 In all courses you must learn continually throughout the semester. What kind of learning should you aim at?
 - a Memorising
 - b Surface
 - c Reproductive
 - d Deep
- 3 When learning, it is helpful to start by examining the way knowledge is organised in a chapter of a textbook. Why?
 - a It helps in understanding the content of the chapter because the headings and subheadings that indicate the organisation are easy to read.
 - b It helps in understanding the content of the chapter because it allows you to examine details and to memorise these.
 - c It helps in understanding the content of the chapter because the organisation shows how ideas and information are related.
 - d Both A and B
- 4 When you start revising for examinations it is important to create a realistic revision timetable. Why?
 - a There is a limited time to study.
 - b You have to learn all of the information in all of your courses, so you have to plan well.
 - c A timetable allows you to maximise what you can learn.
 - d Both A and C
- 5 In your examination timetable you may have a clash (i.e. two examinations at the same time). What should you do?
 - a Choose the examination you are likely to do best in, and sit for that.
 - b Immediately contact the appropriate person at university and notify them of the clash.
 - c Choose the examination you are likely to do best in, and sit for that. Immediately after, obtain a medical certificate saying that you were not well enough to sit for the other examination. Submit the certificate to the university and request a deferred examination.
 - d Tell your parents that it was not your fault that you failed an examination as the university made it impossible for you to sit it.
- 6 During the revision period before an examination, it is best to concentrate on:
 - a understanding all the course content.

- b memorising as much of the textbook as possible so that you can answer all the questions in the examination.
 - c eating well and doing exercise to help your brain function at its best.
 - d memorising with understanding the parts of the course that are to be examined.
- 7 Which of the following is the best mnemonic for the ways to cope with stress before an examination?
- a CRRRRASP
 - b STRESS PATTERN
 - c Acknowledge stress; Confirm you will try; Relax; Reality behind stress; Stress pattern; Pass; Remind yourself of difficulties you have overcome; Remind yourself that you learn more each day
 - d ACRRSPRR
- 8 A multiple choice answer is the correct one if:
- a it includes course terminology in the answer.
 - b it is very comprehensive as it is the longest answer.
 - c it puts two or more answers together (e.g. “a) and b)” or “All of the above.”).
 - d it is the most comprehensive answer to the question.
- 9 In an examination, a short answer question usually requires:
- a a long answer giving a complete answer with examples, and if possible names of theorists.
 - b a precise short answer.
 - c a definition of course terminology.
 - d Both A and C
- 10 The invigilator is:
- a the person who oversees the examination.
 - b the person who set the examination.
 - c the person who created the examination timetable.
 - d your lecturer or tutor.

Answers

- 1 A
- 2 D
- 3 C
- 4 D
- 5 B
- 6 D
- 7 A
- 8 D
- 9 D
- 10 A